

20 Per Cent 20
REDUCTION FOR CASH.

OVERCOATS!

MEN'S OVER COATS,

BOYS' OVERCOATS,

MEN'S AND BOYS' WINTER UNDERWEAR,

KNIT JACKETS, WOOLEN SCARFS, CAPS
and HEAVY GLOVES

REDUCED 20 PER CT.

FROM FORMER PRICE.

We have a well-assorted Stock, and must sell to make room for our Spring Goods. We will give

GREAT BARGAINS

Until March 2d, when

Our Grand Prize Drawing

TAKES PLACE.

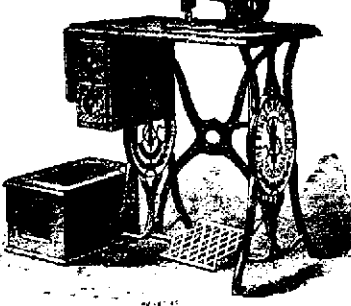
J. R. RACE & CO.

GEO. P. BLOME WILL MOVE, APRIL 1st.

AT THIS PLACE AND ELEVANT NEW QUARTERS.

53 Opera Block, N. Water St. (now Prescott's Music Store.)

SUPPLIES AND ATTACHMENTS FOR ALL MACHINES



SEWING MACHINE REPAIRS.

Temporary Address: 100 North Block, next to Corner of Main.

We have Just Received

BREACH AND Muzzle-LOADING

SHOT-GUNS

AND

REVOLVERS

Ever seen in Central Illinois, and to be

BOUGHT FOR CASH,

We are enabled to obtain

AT WHOLESALE PRICES

We warrant Everything as Represented

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND

KORSMEYER & O'NEILL,

Pratt St. 2 doors East Post Office.

March 1, 1882 - adw

RADCLIFF & BULLARD,

Successors to E. S. A. 125 N. 3d St.

UNDERTAKERS! A. O. BREWER'S

And dealers in all kinds of

Wood, Metallic Coffins and Caskets.

Prices ranging from the cheapest to the most

TRUTH ATTESTED.

Some important statements of well-known People Who, Verily,

In order that the public may fully realize the

power and value of the article of which

they speak, we publish herewith the following

statements of persons whose integrity is be-

lieved in. The truth of these testimonies

is absolute, nor can the facts be otherwise

explained.

DECATUR, ILL., JUNE 24, 1881.

GENTLEMEN: I have used your Safe & Lock

and have been very much pleased with the

results. It is a safe and reliable article, and

it is a pleasure to use it. I am, Sir, very

truly, Yours, J. H. Miller

Thousands of equally strong endorsements

many of them in cases where the safe was

used for the purpose of storing up the

money and valuables of the owner, and

the results were most satisfactory.

H. H. WARREN & CO. The first bottle of

your Kidney and Liver Cure did me so much

good that I propose to use it until I am fully

restored.

DECATUR, ILL., JUNE 24, 1881.

GENTLEMEN: I have used your Safe & Lock

and have been very much pleased with the

results. It is a safe and reliable article, and

it is a pleasure to use it. I am, Sir, very

HOME-MADE BREAD.

For the use of the small white House in the

city, only \$5.00. We guarantee satisfaction,

and to be fully convinced, it is to give us a

trial. Send—South-east Corner Old Square,

Decatur, Illinois.

Write calls for the New Decatur Hotel, or

at place of business, shall have our prompt

attention.

PEIRCE & FISHER,

Lot Principal Examiners and Law Clerk of

COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

SOLICITORS OF PATENTS.

23 HONORE BLOCK, CHICAGO.

Jan. 24—adw

50 New Styles of Chromo Cards with Name,

and 25 New Year Cards, for 10c.

Send for them.

PALACE HOTEL,

N. LAUX, Proprietor,

South Main St., corner of Wood, Decatur, Ill.

\$2.00 per day. Livery stable in connection

with house. Carriages furnished at all hours.

Feb. 9, 1882—adw

"FOR BETTER FOR WORSE."

"He is the worst of all characters for a husband—an idle man—Hattie; and, I fear, he adds to it the business of a fortune hunter."

"You shall not speak of him! I will not listen to the slander! He loves me—of that I am convinced. I have not been an heiress so long not to have learned when a man lies and feigns a passion for interest, when—and her voice grew richer and lower—"he speaks to me from his heart. I have tested him, weighed him well; he has faults, many of them, but deceit is not one. He loves me!"

"Uncle Lewis, trust me, trust him. Let me be his wife with your consent."

"Of what avail will it be for me to refuse it, Hattie? You are 18 to-morrow, and, by your father's will, free to choose your husband; your property becomes your own, and my office as your guardian ceases."

"But not your position as my friend, my uncle, my second father. Speak to me now as you have always done—as if I were your child."

"Hattie, Hattie, how can I speak? If truly, I shall grieve you. But you are right; you come to a friend for counsel, and he will speak as a friend should. Review Edward Du Rand's life, and see if I am not justified in my fears. Brought up by parents whose means were just sufficient to give him a liberal education and support him independent of business. Their small fortune inherited on their death, and lost his first speculation, leaving him a mere penniless. He had studied law, and with energy and industry, could have carved out a fortune and a name. What did he do? Absolutely nothing. With a fascinating manner and splendid education, he cultivated every refined taste, indulged in every extravagance, and lived a life of comparative idleness, with means barely to support him."

"You are severe."

"I fear I am just."

"Take the reverse of the picture. Edward was an only child, with fine talents, and the pride of both parents. From his birth every whim was indulged, every caprice met compliance; his profession was studied merely as a refuge in case of necessity, and he was launched an orphan upon the world with cultivated mind, refined tastes, extravagant desires, and an easy fortune. The roguery of a friend persuaded him to the speculation which ruined him. He stood alone. His income was sufficient for a single man; he was popular in society, courted by the men for his wit, his good humor, and his proficiency in athletic exercises; by ladies for his talent in conversation, music and gallantry. Without any stimulus to exertion, he suffered his time to pass in floating lazily down the tide of time, content to let each day find its own occupation and resources. Then he met me, and his whole view of life changed. For my sake he will renew his studies, open his office for business, and begin a new life. Don't shake your head so mournfully; trust to a woman's heart and instinct."

"It is a dangerous experiment, Hattie."

"Only one more argument, and I leave the decision in your hands: I love him. For his sake I could bear sorrow, poverty, anything but inconsistency. With him life will be glad through any suffering; without him, the future looks mournful and dreary. If you so decide, I will dismiss him, but my heart will break in doing it, for I love him!"

They had been married one year, and Hattie was beginning to wonder if Edward had been seeking her fortune after all. He was as devoted as ever, kind, loving and fascinating; but not one client had placed a case in his hands, and she knew that their expensive house, mode of living and luxuries were drawn from her purse. She was speculating upon this when a quick, manly step, and a cheerful voice, made every doubt vanish, and she looked up to greet her husband.

"I have come up for you to ride, Hattie; so don your habit! The broad braids, little wife—you know my weakness. Nothing sets off your little white face as yours like heavy braids and drooping plumes."

She was mildly plaiting the rich provision of hair while he spoke, and there was a long silence. Turning from the glass for his approaching smile, she was surprised to see him sunk in reverie; and to judge from his appearance, a painful one.

"What is it, Edward?"

"The old story, Hattie. Nobody trusts me but you; I cannot command one client. They think that my motive in marrying you was a mercenary one, and they hold back from me. Let him live on his wife's money and leave the profession open to those dependent upon it for bread."

"I am almost tempted to utter the wish."

"No, Hattie; there are temptations enough for me to live in luxurious idleness; let your influence bear where it can rest, upon some thing noble, if you can find it in such a wasted nature as mine."

"The horses, sir," said a servant, and Hattie sprang up from her seat beside her husband to get her hat.

Another year, and the crash of 1873 swept Hattie Du Rand's fortune away. Her uncle came to tell her the news, and left her stunned—sick with the prospect of poverty, and, spite of herself, shuddering at the thought of her husband's dismay. All the weary day passed and he came not. Had he left her to bear the cross alone? Stung, indignant

at her own heart for such a thought, it would recur as the evening set in and he came not. Weighed with waiting, sick with apprehension, she threw herself on the sofa and sobbed in bitterness and loneliness.

Hark! the well-known step on the stairs; but not slow, as of one disappointed, but springing and light. "He does not know," she thought, "and I must tell him."

He came in with such a bright face, his cheeks glowing, his eye bright, his lips smiling, and she turned faint at the thought that she must blast all his joyousness.

"Crying, Hattie," he said, with his face changing to a look of tender sympathy.

"You are very late," she said, trying to steady her voice.

"Oh, you must get used to that. I shall keep business hours now. Off in the morning—home for an hour at lunch—and then off again until dinner."

"Have you heard?" she whispered.

"Yes. Do I seem hard and unfeeling, darling? Forgive me! But Hattie, dear, you shall not feel any privation that my love can keep from you. We shall not be rich; many things must be spared; yet, trust me, I will work hard before you shall suffer. Oh! I cannot—I cannot help it, Hattie; I am glad of this! You are mine. Now I can prove to you, and to the world, that your fortune is nothing to me! I have seen your uncle to-day, and, through kindly exerted influence, I have secured the situation as book-keeper in a wholesale grocery store."

"You—you, Edward, with your refined taste and luxurious habits!"

"Why, Hattie, the salary is \$1,000 a year. Think of earning that!"

"Oh, Edward, my own love! And here the sob came too thick for more words. His own voice was husky as he said:

"But for you, Hattie, I should be now a miserable lounge—a gambler, perhaps, or worse. I feel that I am a man, with a true heart and a will to energy, and the turning-point of my life was your words, 'I trust you, Edward.' You did trust me, and, God willing, I will win the trust worthily."

Nobly he kept his word. The luxurious home was sold, and in a quiet house they began life again humbly. There is one child, a second Edward, to knit his parents' hearts in a yet closer bond, and Hattie knows that between her and poverty there stands a true heart, a willing, strong man.

Norwegian Table Etiquette.

Table manners are at a low ebb in Norway. Consistency does not seem to be regarded as a jewel. The same people who bow so ceremoniously to each other and express sympathy and interest in the varied trifles of life, and who dance and grimace fully five minutes at an open door before they can determine which shall enter first, are exceedingly ill-bred during meal-time. Their knives wander so far down their throats that one must at least admire their courage, though failing to appreciate its object. In these feasts they rival the professional knife-swallowers of Bombay. They hold their forks like pens. Even a four-lined fork is not considered too unwieldy to use as a pen. All knives are put promiscuously on the butter-dish, which indeed is never supplied with a separate implement. Also, when spoons are furnished for a public dish, a Norwegian generally prefers using his own. Eggs are sucked from the shell. The people eat most voraciously, displaying the appetites of tigers, and making disagreeable noises with their mouths. They rise and reach across the table for something you could readily pass them, and sometimes a person gets up and walks to the end of the table for some particular dish he fancies. When the plates are changed at the end of a course, the knives and forks are apt to be simply wiped by a waiter upon a towel in full sight, and then complacently returned to you. And yet it was the Scandinavians who won from Voltaire the praise of being "Frenchmen from the North," on account of their punctilious politeness. Kind-hearted and well-meaning, but surely somewhat deluded old man.

A Western Court Anecdote

One of the drollest jokers of the day is Judge Allen A. Bradford, of the Pueblo Bar. He is a little eccentric, but withal one of the best lawyers in the far West. He was trying a case a few years since before a Judge, to whom he took a dislike. The Judge was undecided in his ruling; would change his conclusions every time the opposite lawyer would argue a point. When Bradford came to talk to the jury he took occasion to express his contempt. Said he:

"Gentlemen of the jury, the indecision of this court reminds me of the fabled ass that died between two bundles of straw for want of decision."

The court could stand this no longer. Calling the attorney to order, he fined him \$5 for contempt. With the coolness he is capable of Bradford felt in his pocket for a moment, then producing \$2.50, said in his peculiar intonation of voice:

"Your Honor, I have but half the amount. I will pay for the straw, but let the ass stand!"—Denver Tri-une.

We recommend Carter's Iron Pills to every woman who is weak, nervous and discouraged; particularly those who have thin, pale lips, cold hands and feet, and who are without strength or ambition. These are the cases for which Carter's Iron Pills are specially prepared, and this class cannot use them without benefit. Valuable for men also. In metal boxes at 50 cents. Sold by Hubbard & Swearingin.

SELLING Goods at Cost, Below Cost, and Regardless of Cost, seems to be the order of the day at this season of the year with a great many competitors of

B. STINE,
THE "BOSS" CLOTHIER.

If you ask them "Why so much liberality?" they will answer,

"To make room for our New Spring Stock!"
and if you take a glance at their assortment you will not only find an old stock worth 50 cents on the dollar, but plenty of room to place an entire new stock.

To offset all these silly advertisements, the meaning of which is generally understood by the public,

B. STINE,
THE "BOSS" CLOTHIER,
will not only duplicate any article bought at all places where they claim to sell at and below cost, but instead of shopworn goods, will furnish you

NEW, STYLISH, WELL-MADE CLOTHING
At LOWER RATES than any of those who claim to sell at cost.

Our stock is continually being replenished with everything desirable and fashionable in our line. Come and see us.

B. STINE,
THE "BOSS" CLOTHIER.

Jan. 18, 1882—adw

THAT HACKING COUGH can be quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by Henry Smith.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by Henry Smith.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough, Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by Henry Smith.

CATARH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 30 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Henry Smith.

For Laine Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Henry Smith.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by Henry Smith.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by Henry Smith.

GROUP, WHOOPING COUGH immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Henry Smith. (Dec. 2—adw)

The W. C. T. U. meets every Thursday at 3 p. m. in their room over Mrs. Hamsher's store in Central Block. adw

Butterick's Fall Pattern Publications AT HAND TODAY.

Sept. 21—adw

WANT your custom, and think we can offer you inducements if you will come and see us, which will be sufficient to satisfy you that our store is the best place in town to trade. Bargains are to be had every day this winter. adw

WITNESS the Great Overcoat Sale at Cheap Charley's. Remember he has reduced the price of them to less than cost of manufacture. Call and see, whether you wish to buy or not. jan12adw

Dry Store Wood, at McClelland's drug yard. Send orders from Cole Bros' drug store. Sept-1st

"FAIR DEALING" is our Standard! "One-Price" is our Anchor! "Permanent Popularity" is our Goal! **CHEAP CHARLEY'S** jan12adw

CANNOT be excelled in Quality, Style, Price or Fit—CHEAP CHARLEY'S Clothing. Dec. 8—adw

WE BUY for cash, buy cheap, sell on low margins, try to get the best made and most durable goods that we can find; try to please our customers, never make any misrepresentations knowingly, always willing to correct mistakes, want your trade. Come and see us; we are always glad to see old friends and make new ones. adw

STRICT ATTENTION, politeness always shown to patrons, no misrepresentations permitted at Cheap Charley's, the manufacturer of clothing exclusively for retail trade. jan12adw

"Haines"

BEST

UPRIGHT

Piano-

Forte

IN THE WORLD!

And has received more endorsements from Leading Artists, as being

Strictly First-Class

Than all other Upright Piano-Fortes combined.

The Famous

Western Cottage

ORGAN

Stands at the HEAD of

ALL REED ORGAN

for its Superior Quality of TONE, POWER, and DURABILITY. It is the only Great made with the DOUBLE and DIVIDED HARMONIC ATTACHMENT.

Call and examine my Instruments before placing your order.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

On Entire Stock from this date until the first of April.

C. B. PRESCOTT,

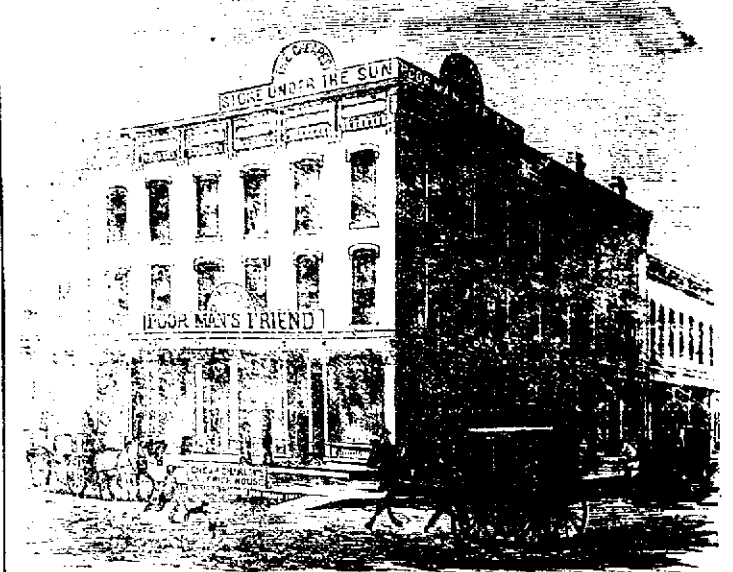
53 OPERA BLOCK.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor,

South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois. Jan. 1, 1882—adw

"CHEAP CHARLEY'S" CORNER.



A Grand Reward!

For our Stature Endowments to Please and Satisfy our Patrons.

Is the General Acknowledgment

That the Clothing of OUR OWN MANUFACTURING, and which we have FOR SALE on our Counters, is

IS WELL, STYLISH, AND DURABLY MADE.

And by this we increase our large number of friends. Our assortment of

FALL AND WINTER OVERCOATS, ULSTERS AND ULSTERETTES,

is COMPLETE, and not to be surpassed. The Stock of

SUITS FOR MAN, YOUTH, BOY OR CHILD,

IS GRAND AND ELEGANT.

Remember that all goods purchased of us, can be returned if they do not meet the desired satisfaction, provided they are not soiled. We return the money, or we credit our customers, and to be satisfied that we save to them from 10 to 30 percent on the dollar, and besides give them the best quality for the money.

Among the LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

HATS, CAPS, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

TRUNKS and VALISES are SPECIALTIES. Manufactured for us Exclusively, and sold by us at JOBBER'S PRICES. All in want of anything in our line, will do well to inspect the Large and Well Selected Stock of

CHEAP CHARLEY."

KAUFMANN & BACHMANN

Clothing!

Goods for Men's Wear.

Not wealth, nor high up rank, nor of great name, but GET RIGHT UP AND SEE that makes men great.

DECATUR, ILL.

F. D. CALDWELL

Sells:

Decatur Coal!

Best Grades of

HARD COAL.

Orders left at the office with the American Express Company, three doors west of Postoffice, will receive prompt attention.

Nov. 26, 1881—adw

FARM FOR SALE

E. O. SMITH

Is desirous of selling a

portion of his farming land

situated in Macon county, near Dalton and Harvey City. For particulars inquire of

MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 30, 1882.

R. M. HAMMER, P. M. HAMMER, HAMMER & MOSSER, Proprietors.

Entered at the Post Office at Decatur, Illinois, as second class matter.

The attempt to secure a new trial for the president killer will in all probability end in a failure, as it ought to. He has been tried fairly and patiently, and there remains now nothing to do but to hang him, and thus end the bloody drama which opened on the second day of July last.

FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, the great railroad man, who has recently recovered control of the Reading road, is the son of an Irishman, who came to this country in 1811. The son was born in 1838, and was educated at a Catholic institution at Emmetsburg, Md., and at a Moravian institution in Pennsylvania. He began to earn his living in Lancaster, Pa., and before he was 21 years old he had charge of a furnace at Shamokin, Pa. Later he failed in business and then studied law, becoming a member of the bar in 1860. In less than three years he was district attorney of his county, and afterward he became counsel for the Reading company.

Tony Pastor has burlesqued "Patience" in New York. The twenty love-sick maidens became twenty stage-struck maidens, all wanting to be leading ladies, and Buntorne, the poet, became Ben Thorne, the manager, and was equally doted on by the pretty actresses. In matter of costume, scenery, pose, grouping and stage business generally, the burlesque is a very faithful copy of the original, and of Sullivan's music, the most, if not all, is given.

NEW ENGLAND and "the Athens of America" will scarcely be prepared to believe that young Nebraska leads the United States in the ratio of intelligence, yet this fact will be shown by the census reports. Only 1.73 per centum of her population are illiterate. Ohio comes next, with only 2.71 per cent; Illinois in third, with 3.15 per cent of her population illiterate; then come in order New York, with a percentage of 3.28; Pennsylvania, 3.41; and then Massachusetts, 4.24. The highest percentage of illiteracy is in South Carolina, where 32.32 per cent of the population cannot read and where less than 45 cents per capita per year is expended for educational purposes. It may be said of all the States of the North-west that they brought with them their old New England notions of education and impressed them upon the communities where they settled. And it cannot be less than gratifying to note the results, especially when we take into account the large foreign population found in every New State and the struggles with poverty that are always the lot of the pioneer.

The Indianapolis Journal truthfully remarks that it is getting to be a dangerous thing for a man to bring a libel suit or a suit for damages. So far from being a vindication, it is by no means certain that the close of the trial will not leave him more "damaged" than he was at first. The case of Mr. Peoples, of Detroit, who found himself in jail for murder at the end of his suit against a newspaper, has been mentioned. Mr. Schwartz, of Allegheny City, sued two physicians for \$10,000 for malpractice. The unpleasant fact was brought out that Mr. Schwartz was a bigamist, and he is now trying to extricate himself from the coils of the law. In Pittsburgh one Methodist minister claims damages, also \$10,000, of another Methodist minister for saying he was a liar; that he had bought a diploma of a bogus medical college, and that "his guilt was as clear as the shining sun." This suit is not ended, but it is confidently expected that the plaintiff will be found not only guilty of being a liar and a quack, but that he is some sort of a ravening wolf in shepherd's clothing—a footpad or a bank cashier.

Esthetic editors have their paste made from sun flour now. *Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

The old man sighed as he took the golden hair, laughing boy upon his knees, and stroking his shining tresses said: "Ah, how much I should like to feel like a child again." Little Johnnie ceased his laughter, and looking soberly up into his grandfather's face, remarked: "The why don't you get mamma to spank you?"—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Rock Island, Ill., Jan. 23.—The jury in the Hollweg case this morning brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, and fixed the punishment at hanging. Hollweg's crime was the brutal murder of his daughter-in-law Dorra, the weapon used being a hammer, with which he pounded her head until life was extinct. The body of the murdered girl was found hidden in a corn field.

The war footing of the German army has been established by the budget of 1882 at 500,000 men. In the event of war, the number could be doubled at 24 hours' notice by telegraph.

Hay for Sale. I have for sale in my barn in Decatur, a lot of good timothy hay, which will be sold at \$16 per ton. Apply to DAVID GAVEN, No. 31 East Prairie St. Jan. 21—42w

Those who have been dosed with quinine, and experienced its injurious effects, should try Carter's Little Liver Pills for liver and biliousness. One pill a dose. Sold by Hubbard & Swearingen.

CALL at Bachman's, south side city park, for the best and cheapest furniture in the city—a bargain in every article. Aug. 15—dt

Could Steel But Not Lie.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Charles Antrim, when arraigned yesterday before Judge Pierce upon a charge of larceny, pleaded guilty, saying: "I never told a lie in my life."

"How many times have you been here?" asked Assistant District Attorney Warwick.

"Twice, sir; owned up every time."

"Is your picture in the Rogue's gallery?"

"Yes, sir; had it taken last time, when I received nine months."

The judge, after eying the prisoner closely, said: "You seem to be a straightforward man in one particular, what explanation have you to make as to the larceny?"

"I can't get work, sir; I am an engraver by trade. I ran the elevator at the coliseum during the centennial, but when the place closed I got out of employment. I committed my first crime through necessity. After I came out of prison I worked on a farm, because no one would employ me in the city."

"Are you a drinking man?"

"Yes, sir; I am somewhat given to drink."

"I am afraid that is the cause of all your trouble; why don't you swear off?"

"I think a man's word ought to be as good as his oath. Several years ago I said I would not chew or smoke tobacco, and I have not used tobacco in any form since. If a man can't do so on his oath."

"The wisdom of your philosophy may be good, and I will not reason that with you. I trust for your own sake, however, that you will resolve never to drink liquor again."

"I promise you that I will never touch another drop."

"Very well, then; I will sentence you to six months, and when you come out you will be in time for the harvest."

SCHOOL MATTERS.

Notes of Interest to Teachers and Pupils Connected With the Schools of the County.

TO TEACHERS AND PUPILS.

The Central Examinations will begin on Monday, Feb. 6th. For the first week these examinations will be held in the following order: Elgin, Peru, Blue Mound, and Macon.

The examination will open at 10 a.m. at each place. Pupils will have ample time to reach the Central School. All persons who hold a recommendation from their teachers will be admitted. Also all persons under 21 years of age who are unable to attend school this winter and who feel disposed to take an interest in trying to advance their studies will be admitted. Thanks are mailed to teachers for the purpose of having the grades of pupils reported to the examination on the day of the examination. Teachers will fill these blanks out and send them to the Central Examination in care of one of the pupils recommended.

A school meeting will be held at Elgin and Macon on the evening of the examination. It is satisfactory to those interested a similar meeting will be held at Blue Mound Chapel on the evening of the examination at Peru.

Parents are cordially invited to attend these gatherings and learn what the "New Plan" is.

EXAMINATION CALENDAR.

Teachers' examinations for Macon county will be held at the superintendent's office on the following dates:

On the third Friday of February, March, April, May and September; also at the close of the Annual Institute in August.

Notes: Papers will be furnished at the office. Applicants should supply themselves with pencil and stamp. Applicants presenting themselves later than 9 a.m. cannot complete the examination the same day. Local examinations may be held at a few points outside of Decatur. The notice of these will be given.

Persons applying "just for fun" will be supplied with that article at their own expense. A word to the wise is sufficient.

JOHN TRAVENCO, Co. Supt.

Fun and "Photos."

The great favorites with Decatur amusement goers, the Harrisons, will give us "Photos" at the open house to-morrow night. Said an exchange:

The company is composed of some of the best dramatic and musical artists of America, prominent among whom stand the well-known versatile actress and famous comedienne, Miss Alice Harrison, and the excellent young comedian, Mr. Louis Harrison, supported by a coterie of artists of exceptional excellence. "Photos" is an epitome of mirth and melody, abounding in charming music, laughable incidents, humorous effects and mimic delineations. Of its school it is brighter than any of its predecessors. The Harrisons are able to produce more pure, unadorned fun and charming melody in one evening's entertainment than any company of its nature up before the public.

All of which is true. Secure seats.

Society at the Capital.

Washington Letter.

Excepting the handsome and charming Mrs. Brewster and the young and beautiful Mrs. Robert Lincoln, the presiding ladies of the cabinet are quiet, domestic matrons, caring little for the vanities of fashionable life. And then, as our present secretary of state can hardly afford to set the high Ministerial example of Secretary Fish, of an expenditure in housekeeping of \$30,000 a year, or \$22,000 more than his salary, we do not count upon any very extravagant outlays in suppers and balls from the members of this administration.

MISS TRAVIS, lady teachers and others whose occupation gives but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for liver and biliousness. One pill a dose. Sold by Hubbard & Swearingen.

Look Out for the Grand Special Exhibit on New Orleans on the Illinois Central Railroad Thursday, Feb. 9th, at the low rate of \$20 for the round trip, good for thirty days. jan14dktw

Thomson's potent unbreakable glove-fitting corset, at the CHEAP STORE. Big 18. 22dks2w

We Give Away 12 yards of 74 cent (actual value) calico, to every purchaser of Five Dollars' worth. Remember, our goods are all marked in plain selling figures, and no advantage is taken on account of the above proposition. 18

CHEAP STORE.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE VILLAIN'S LAST DODGE.

Motion for a New Trial.

And the Flimsy Grounds on Which it is to be Had.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—In the Criminal Court this morning, Messrs. Scoville and Reed, counsel for Guiteau, appeared, and the former inquired of the Court in respect of the form of his bill of exceptions, whether he would be compelled to except specifically, or whether a general exception would suffice.

Judge Cox stated that, under the practice of the court, he would have to except specifically.

Mr. Scoville then stated that he had intended to file a motion for a new trial, but would like to have until Monday.

The District Attorney objected, and Scoville stated that in that case he would file the motion this afternoon in the Clerk's office.

The District Attorney asked the court to assign Tuesday next for hearing the argument upon the motion, but, upon representations from Scoville that he would scarcely be able to enter upon the argument at that time, the court declined to fix a day at present.

In the afternoon Scoville filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia the papers upon which he bases his motion or motions for a new trial. Not being familiar with the practice in this District, Scoville concluded to file two motions to assure himself against the possibility of being deprived through any legal technicality of the right of review by the court in general term. The papers filed in support of the motions are: The prisoner's affidavit; the affidavit of Frederick H. Snyder as to the finding of a newspaper in a room occupied by the jury under circumstances indicating that it had been read by the jury; the affidavit of J. W. Guiteau, that he is acquainted with the signatures of five of the jurors whose names are written on the margin of the newspaper said to have been seen by the jury, that he has seen them write their names, and believes the writing upon said newspaper to have been made by the jurors named; the affidavit of Scoville, setting forth newly discovered evidence upon which he based the motion for a new trial.

The first paper is a motion for a new trial upon the following grounds:

1. By reason of uncertainty in said verdict, in that the jury thereby found the defendant "guilty as indicted," whereas the indictment consists of different counts variant from and inconsistent with each other in matters of substance.

2. That said verdict of the jury does not specify which count or counts of the indictment it was founded upon; and several counts being materially different from the others, the defendant is not advised by form or substance of said verdict as to the finding of the jury upon the material facts of the case or the place of death of the deceased.

3. That the trial of this cause commenced at the June term of this court, and was not concluded in the same term of court, but was extended into the December term, without authority of law.

4. That this court has no jurisdiction of this cause, by reason of the deceased having taken place outside of the District of Columbia.

5. That the court erred in overruling each and all prayers upon questions of law asked by counsel for the defense, and in refusing to instruct the jury as requested in each of the fourteen prayers proposed by them.

6. That the court erred on the trial of this cause in excluding proper evidence offered by the defense, as set forth in the bill of exceptions.

7. That the court erred on the trial of this cause in admitting to go to the jury improper evidence on the part of the prosecution, as shown in the bill of exceptions.

8. That the court erred in commenting improperly during the trial upon the conduct of the defendant, and in entering into an arrangement with the District Attorney (without the knowledge of the counsel for the defendant) whereby the jury and the expert witnesses for the prosecution during a portion of the trial might observe certain conduct of the defendant to subvert the purposes of the prosecution (the defense being insubstantial), without the restraining power of the court being exercised until those purposes were accomplished, to the great prejudice of the defendant.

9. Misbehavior of the jury in reading, or hearing read to them, newspapers calculated to prejudice their minds against the defendant, as shown in the affidavits of Frederick H. Snyder, George Scoville, and J. W. Guiteau, filed herewith.

10. By reason of new and material facts unknown at the time of the trial, and not ascertainable by reasonable diligence on the part of the defendant or his attorney, having come to light since the trial, as shown in an affidavit filed herewith.

11. That the verdict is contrary to the evidence.

12. That the verdict is contrary to the law of the case.

The second paper filed is the bill of exceptions, and contains the same points made in the motion for a new trial.

Guiteau, in his affidavit, says, as he is restrained of his liberty, he is compelled to leave the whole matter of a new trial to Scoville.

The affidavit of Frederick H. Snyder sets forth that he was a guest at the National Hotel during a portion of the month of December, and occupied a room near those occupied by the jury in the Guiteau case. On one occasion he saw the door of one of the rooms so occupied standing open, but with no person therein, and on the table of said room was a

newspaper, and knowing it was forbidden the jury to have newspapers, he (Snyder) slipped in and took the paper, which he found was a copy of the Evening Critic, containing an account of the attempt of Jones to shoot Guiteau, and an editorial denouncing the prisoner. On the margin were either the names or initials of five of the jurors. In the interests of justice he took the paper to Scoville.

Attached to this affidavit is the copy of the Critic alluded to, with the names of the jurors mentioned written in ink upon the margin.

The affidavit of Scoville is to the effect that he believes the names of the jurors were written on the margin of the paper described in Snyder's affidavit by the jurors themselves; and that since the trial new and material facts showing the insanity of the prisoner have come to his knowledge. The main reliance of the defense is the affidavit of Snyder and the copy of the Critic appended to it, which, it was claimed, was seen and read by the jury pending the trial. A careful comparison of the writing on the margin of the newspaper with the signatures of the juryman whose names appear there, shows a striking resemblance, and establishes a strong case of circumstantial evidence.

The District Attorney, however, asserts that this matter of tampering with, and irregular or improper conduct on the part of the jury, as set forth in the Snyder affidavit, will be disposed of in short order by the prosecution. The jury themselves are quite indignant, and denounce the charges of improper conduct on their part.

As an indication of how little weight is attached by the prosecution to the motion of Scoville for a new trial, District Attorney Cockbill remarked to-day before a number of gentlemen that Guiteau will undoubtedly be sentenced, and as surely executed not later than June 10.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. The all-absorbing topic of conversation to-day among the politicians has been in relation to the Secretaryship of the Interior. The hotel lobbies have been crowded with representatives from all sections, many of them men who have been in the Department of the Interior. A general desire is manifested to have Mr. Kirkwood retained, but as the talk of the average capital crowd is little or nothing to do with the President's selection of Cabinet or other officers, little faith is in their gossip and predictions. Gen. Will Wilson, ex-Secretary of the Interior, ex-Senator Conkling, ex-Committee Clerk and Private Secretary Thomas M. Brady, United States Surveyor from Colorado, Charles Brown, a leading attorney here, and others, were interviewed this morning, and a divided opinion on the subject prevailed among them. But this much was learned as fact, that the Iowa people have had no definite reply from the President regarding Mr. Kirkwood's retention, but that an answer would be given them in a few days; that ex-Senator Sargent has been at work removing certain disabilities, and will receive the appointment of Secretary of the Interior on Wednesday next, or not later than Friday. The last information came through an officer of the Army of the Cumberland, and was the result of a conversation with Senator Miller of California. Senator Mitchell says to-night that Sargent's name will be sent in this week.

St. Louis, Jan. 28. The Post-Dispatch publishes the following this afternoon: "About two months after the Chicago convention, the idea of having a medal struck to commemorate the steady voting of the Grand phalanx, originated with Don Cameron. A consultation was held between Roscoe Conkling, Charles F. Elwell and others, and finally an order was given to J. M. Kershaw, of this city to strike 250 bronze medals. The matter was to be kept a profound secret, and Kershaw was enjoined to silence. He has been working on the medals for several months, and they are now completed, and within a few days will be sent to Chamney Filley, at Washington, who will superintend the distribution.

The medals are of bronze, perfectly round, 23 inches in diameter, 3.16 of an inch thick, and weigh nearly one pound. On the obverse of the face is the profile head of General Grant, underneath and extending partially around the head is a wreath of laurel and oak leaves; around this is a slightly raised circle, outside of which is a record of the Grand phalanx arranged in a complete circle, the number of each ballot and vote cast being set down in a separate space. The record begins at the exact center of the bottom, when the medal is held in proper position, and comprises the thirty-six ballots which were cast from 302 to 317 between the first and thirty-sixth ballots. The figures can all be read without turning the medal around. Outside the record and along the rim a wreath of flour de lis is handsomely worked.

Inscribed in the center of the reverse side are these words: "Commemorative of the thirty-six ballots of the old guard for Ulysses S. Grant for president." "Republican National Convention, Chicago, June, 1860."

All the lines are straight save the first and last. The name of the member of the "old guard" to whom the medal is sent is inscribed. Surrounding the lettering is a very simple yet handsome border, completing the reverse side. At the center of the top is a hole in which to place the ribbon. The medal is altogether a very handsome bit of engraving. Grant's profile shows part of the coat collar and necktie.

Of the three hundred and thirty medals, one will be sent to each of the 306 delegates who voted for Grant, and the balance to General Grant and a few stalwart friends. The head of the medal will be engraved on letter paper, and will be sent along with these souvenirs. The first design of the medal in brass was forwarded to New York and submit-

ted to General Grant, his wife, ex-Senator Conkling and a few other ladies and gentlemen, for their approbation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The statement has been made that at the time the bill providing for the additional pension for Mrs. Lincoln passed the Senate Mr. Davis retired from the chair. This statement, unexplained, might be misconstrued by those who do not know Judge Davis intimately. The facts are that he only presided in the Senate that day long enough to call the body to order, being prevented by a severe cold from remaining in the chamber. He did not know that the pension bill was to come up on that day, neither had he been consulted as to the proposition to appropriate the \$150,000. He had been conferred with as to the increase of pension, and approved it, but neither Judge Davis nor (it is believed) Mr. Robert Lincoln knew anything of the proposition to make an appropriation of \$150,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. Sergeant Mason, who shot at Guiteau some weeks ago, will be brought before a court martial for trial to-morrow, but will undoubtedly be found guilty, but the utmost leniency will be extended him.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. The four-juryman whose signatures, it is alleged, appear in the extra Critic appended to affidavits filed by the defense in the Guiteau case Saturday with the motion for a new trial, deny most positively that a copy of that or any other paper was ever in their apartments at the hotel, and declare they never had a pen in their hands during the whole course of the trial, except to write autographs for outside parties, and that this was always done in a room occupied by the bailiffs and in the immediate presence of these officers. The general impression with those who have examined the matter is, it is a clear piece of forgery.

DENVER, Col. Jan. 28. A reporter of the Leadville Herald endeavored to interview Mrs. Dunning, the divorced wife of Guiteau, to obtain her opinion of the verdict, but was unable to do so. Her husband, however, said that Mrs. Dunning was well pleased with the result, and in reply to the question, "Does she think Guiteau should hang?" said: "Yes, she thinks he should have been hanged before he assassinated the president."

The Illinois state fish commission reports that the state fish ponds south of Quincy now contain 500,000 native bass and crappie which will be ready for the catch next summer. Of scale carp there are 72 3/4 years old, 400 coolings, and 5,000 of the past year's spawn. Of the minor variety of carp, the commission have distributed from here 1,500, almost every county in the state being represented by the applicants for them. Fully 6,500 more of the same species are expected from the general government as soon as the weather is suitable for their transportation. There are specimens in the Quincy ponds two years old which are twenty inches long, and weigh from three to four pounds each. In 1881 over 500 carp ponds were constructed in this state, and it is the purpose of the commission to supply each of them with a minimum number of carp during the coming season. The native fish will also be distributed to accessible points if suitable transportation on rivers and railroads can be procured. Measures have been taken to punish violators of the fish laws, but the difficulty has been to procure positive evidence against any of the offenders, and no prosecutions have thus far occurred. Now, however, there is promise of a case which will test the power of the statute and the authority of the state fish commission under it. A well known member of the Illinois State Sportsmen's association has introduced himself in the question and has obtained what he believes to be positive proof of the violation of the law by certain individuals. Suit is to be instituted immediately.

Lost, about the 10th of September last, two tin snips, one 10 inches long, and one 12 inches long, made by T. J. Moore and Co., and payable to Zacher & Co. All persons are hereby notified that whoever finds these snips, please to return them to the undersigned, and a reward of \$10.00 will be paid. Zacher & Co., Jan. 28, 1882.

A Wonderful Cure.

ADVISED, Mr. J. H. WARD, Jan. 28, 1882.

J. H. WARD, Esq., Care of St. Louis Kidney and Liver Cure, had the effect of a wonderful cure upon a wife who has been troubled for three or four years with a kidney and liver difficulty.

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For the Next 30 Days

I will make it an object for everybody to give me a call that wants Boots or Shoes now, or ever expects to want anything in the boot or shoe line. Last winter I marked all winter goods down and closed them out at cost. This year I will give my patrons the benefit of LOW PRICES on my entire stock of Boots and Shoes in the following way:

I will sell everything at my regular price, (which is lower than any other dealer would ask for same quality of goods), and will accept in part payment the following certificates:

CUT THIS OUT.	CUT THIS OUT.	CUT THIS OUT.	CUT THIS OUT.
JANUARY 20, 1892. Received, for 30 days from date, for Twenty-five Cents, in payment for Boots or Shoes amounting to \$2.00. J. W. BAKER. 18 East Main Street.	JANUARY 20, 1892. Received, for 30 days from date, for Fifty Cents, in payment for Boots and Shoes amounting to \$3.50. J. W. BAKER. 18 East Main Street.	JANUARY 20, 1892. Received, for 30 days from date, for Seventy-five Cents, in payment for Boots and Shoes amounting to \$4.50. J. W. BAKER. 18 East Main Street.	JANUARY 20, 1892. Received, for 30 days from date, for One Dollar, in payment for Boots and Shoes amounting to \$5.00. J. W. BAKER. 18 East Main Street.

By taking the benefit of the above certificates, you see it will bring some of the goods down to COST, or

BELOW COST!

But by so doing it will clean out the goods now in stock, and I can turn my money over and put it into New Spring Goods, which will result in a benefit to me as well as to my customers.

You will see you can buy a

\$2.00 Boot or Shoe for \$1.75 Cash, and a 25 Cent Certificate.
3.50 Boot or Shoe for 3.00 Cash, and a 50 Cent Certificate.
4.50 Boot or Shoe for 3.75 Cash, and a 75 Cent Certificate.
6.00 Boot or Shoe for 5.00 Cash, and a \$1.00 Certificate.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

J. W. BAKER, 18 East Main Street,

POWERS' OLD STAND.

The Daily Republican.

DECATUR, ILL., JANUARY 20, 1892.

Sunday on the Continent.

By J. W. Baker.

A benevolent correspondent begs to be allowed to remind English tourists of the inestimable boon conferred on their fellow-creatures by the national habit of not traveling on Sundays when abroad. We have the personal testimony of proprietors of large foreign hotels frequented by English people to this effect. Take the town of Dijon. Hundreds of English travelers pass through Dijon weekly, and yet, so invariable is their habit of avoiding Sunday travel that the day is, comparatively speaking, one of rest, not only for the masters of hotels, but for their entire staff, waiters, cooks, and last, but not least, their horses. Many other of our Sunday observations are coming into vogue in France. The Sunday work of the postman is being curtailed. In most French towns now shops and business offices are closed early on Sunday mornings, many are not opened at all, and little by little the sum total of Sunday toil is being diminished. It is gratifying to find, therefore, that while we are imitating our French neighbors, or trying to do so, in the matter of obtaining Sunday recreation for all, they are copying us in respects equally important to the well-being of the laborious section of the community.

She Got It Free or Cheap.

Call at Storer's drug store and get a sample bottle of Brown's Expectant free of charge. It cures coughs, hoarseness, whooping cough, and consumption in its early stages.

It is a scientific preparation, admirably adapted for the cure of all throat and lung diseases. It is pleasant to take and entirely harmless.

Try it. It costs you nothing. Regular size bottles 50 cents and \$1. For sale by Dr. A. J. Storer.

July 24th 1891

Something Money Cannot Buy.

By J. W. Baker.

Mr. William H. Vanderbilt has a drop of bitterness in his cup of splendor. He and his family are not considered eligible by the haute ton of New York fashionable society. Having erected the most splendid mansion in the city and proposed to throw open its hospitable doors for a grand party, he is pained to find his invitations declined by a small circle of the ultra fashionable. There has been a common impression that a sufficiency of wealth was all that was necessary to obtain the entrance to fashionable society in New York, provided it was not associated with any gross scandal, and that nowhere were the barriers of society so easily unlocked with a golden key. But Mr. Vanderbilt's experience would seem to show that it is not so. He is not a patent-medicine vendor, a bonanza miner, nor any of the more offensive impersonations of recent wealth. He has inherited his millions; nor is he anything about his personality or descent to make him offensive to fastidious fashion. It can hardly be anything more than a freak of the result of his own social exclusion. That he has no substantial reason may, however, make it none the less disagreeable to Mr. Vanderbilt, who has found one thing which his money cannot buy.

Conquered Him.

Dr. Emmons, the able New England divine, met a pantheistic physician at the house of a sick parishioner. It was no place for a dispute, but the abrupt question of the pantheist was:

"Mr. Emmons, how old are you?"

"Sixty years; and how old are you?"

"As old as the creation," was the triumphant response.

"Then you are of the same age with Adam and Eve?"

"Certainly; I was in the garden when they were."

"I have always heard that there was a third party in the garden with them, but I never knew before that it was you," rejoined the divine.

OUR BARGAIN TABLE.

CONTAINS AT PRESENT

100 dozen colored and bordered fringed Hosiery

at 25 cents and \$1.10.

50 dozen fast color all linen Napkins at \$1.00.

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50 dozen fast color all linen Napkins at \$1.00.

TAKE A RIDE

OVER THE

WABASH

AND

PAVING

AND YOU

WILL DISCOVER

Why it is termed the popular

PASSENGER LINE

OF AMERICA.

2500 MILES OF ROAD running in the most direct manner all the GREAT LAKES OF THE WEST, running the

Fastest Passenger Equipment and the most

extended Through Car system on the continent.

THROUGH TICKETS

To all Points East, West, North or South, and

Baggage Checked and Train Starting Point to

Destination.

Departure of Trains at Decatur Station:

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Through Express, 7:00 a.m.

No. 2, Through Express, 7:30 a.m.

No. 3, Through Express, 8:00 a.m.

No. 4, Through Express, 8:30 a.m.

No. 5, Through Express, 9:00 a.m.

No. 6, Through Express, 9:30 a.m.

No. 7, Through Express, 10:00 a.m.

No. 8, Through Express, 10:30 a.m.

No. 9, Through Express, 11:00 a.m.

No. 10, Through Express, 11:30 a.m.

No. 11, Through Express, 12:00 p.m.

No. 12, Through Express, 12:30 p.m.

No. 13, Through Express, 1:00 p.m.

No. 14, Through Express, 1:30 p.m.

No. 15, Through Express, 2:00 p.m.

No. 16, Through Express, 2:30 p.m.

No. 17, Through Express, 3:00 p.m.

No. 18, Through Express, 3:30 p.m.

No. 19, Through Express, 4:00 p.m.

No. 20, Through Express, 4:30 p.m.

No. 21, Through Express, 5:00 p.m.

No. 22, Through Express, 5:30 p.m.

No. 23, Through Express, 6:00 p.m.

No. 24, Through Express, 6:30 p.m.

No. 25, Through Express, 7:00 p.m.

No. 26, Through Express, 7:30 p.m.

No. 27, Through Express, 8:00 p.m.

No. 28, Through Express, 8:30 p.m.

No. 29, Through Express, 9:00 p.m.

No. 30, Through Express, 9:30 p.m.

No. 31, Through Express, 10:00 p.m.

No. 32, Through Express, 10:30 p.m.

No. 33, Through Express, 11:00 p.m.

No. 34, Through Express, 11:30 p.m.

No. 35, Through Express, 12:00 a.m.

No. 36, Through Express, 12:30 a.m.

No. 37, Through Express, 1:00 a.m.

No. 38, Through Express, 1:30 a.m.

No. 39, Through Express, 2:00 a.m.

No. 40, Through Express, 2:30 a.m.

No. 41, Through Express, 3:00 a.m.

No. 42, Through Express, 3:30 a.m.

No. 43, Through Express, 4:00 a.m.

No. 44, Through Express, 4:30 a.m.

No. 45, Through Express, 5:00 a.m.

No. 46, Through Express, 5:30 a.m.

No. 47, Through Express, 6:00 a.m.

No. 48, Through Express, 6:30 a.m.

No. 49, Through Express, 7:00 a.m.

No. 50, Through Express, 7:30 a.m.

No. 51, Through Express, 8:00 a.m.

No. 52, Through Express, 8:30 a.m.

No. 53, Through Express, 9:00 a.m.

No. 54, Through Express, 9:30 a.m.

No. 55, Through Express, 10:00 a.m.

No. 56, Through Express, 10:30 a.m.

No. 57, Through Express, 11:00 a.m.

No. 58, Through Express, 11:30 a.m.

No. 59, Through Express, 12:00 p.m.

No. 60, Through Express, 12:30 p.m.

No. 61, Through Express, 1:00 p.m.

No. 62, Through Express, 1:30 p.m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

DECATUR STATION, Jan. 1, 1892.

Notice: regular trains on this line will

operate as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1, Through Express, 7:00 a.m.

No. 2, Through Express, 7:30 a.m.

No. 3, Through Express, 8:00 a.m.

No. 4, Through Express, 8:30 a.m.

No. 5, Through Express, 9:00 a.m.

No. 6, Through Express, 9:30 a.m.

No. 7, Through Express, 10:00 a.m.

No. 8, Through Express, 10:30 a.m.

No. 9, Through Express, 11:00 a.m.

No. 10, Through Express, 11:30 a.m.

No. 11, Through Express, 12:00 p.m.

No. 12, Through Express, 12:30 p.m.

No. 13, Through Express, 1:00 p.m.

No. 14, Through Express, 1:30 p.m.

No. 15, Through Express, 2:00 p.m.

No. 16, Through Express, 2:30 p.m.

No. 17, Through Express, 3:00 p.m.

No. 18, Through Express, 3:30 p.m.

No. 19, Through Express, 4:00 p.m.

No. 20, Through Express, 4:30 p.m.

No. 21, Through Express, 5:00 p.m.

No. 22, Through Express, 5:30 p.m.

No. 23, Through Express, 6:00 p.m.

No. 24, Through Express, 6:30 p.m.

No. 25, Through Express, 7:00 p.m.

No. 26, Through Express, 7:30 p.m.

No. 27, Through Express, 8:00 p.m.

No. 28, Through Express, 8:30 p.m.

No. 29, Through Express, 9:00 p.m.

No. 30, Through Express, 9:30 p.m.

No. 31, Through Express, 10:00 p.m.

No. 32, Through Express, 10:30 p.m.

No. 33, Through Express, 11:00 p.m.

No. 34, Through Express, 11:30 p.m.

No. 35, Through Express, 12:00 a.m.

No. 36, Through Express, 12:30 a.m.

No. 37, Through Express, 1:00 a.m.

No. 38, Through Express, 1:30 a.m.